

Health Education South West

Support and Development

FACT SHEET

COPING WITH A RELATIONSHIP BREAK-UP



FACTSHEET: COPING WITH A RELATIONSHIP BREAK UP

Introduction

It's never easy when a significant relationship ends. Whatever the reason for the split—and

whether you wanted it or not — the breakup of a relationship can turn your whole world

upside down and trigger all sorts of painful and unsettling feelings.

A relationship breakup is painful because it represents the loss, not just of the relationship,

but also of shared dreams and commitments. When relationships fail, we experience

profound disappointment, stress, and grief.

A breakup launches us into uncharted territory. Everything is disrupted: your routine and

responsibilities, your home, your relationships with extended family and friends, and even

your identity. A breakup brings uncertainty about the future. What will life be like without your

partner? Will you find someone else? Will you end up alone? These unknowns often seem

worse than an unhappy relationship.

Recovering from a breakup can be difficult. However, it's important to know (and to keep

reminding yourself) that you can and will move on. But healing takes time, so be patient with

yourself. You can learn from the experience and grow into a stronger, wiser person.

What are common reactions to a relationship break up?

As the ending of a relationship is often a significant loss, grief reactions such as sadness,

depression, insomnia, anxiety, concentration difficulties and a loss or gain of appetite are

common.

Other feelings and thoughts that may accompany a break up include -

A sense of abandonment, rejection and loss of self-esteem.

A feeling of relief that the relationship is over.

• A preoccupation with blaming, either oneself or the ex-partner. You may feel angry

towards your ex-partner for causing so much pain or you may experience feelings of

guilt and responsibility for hurting your ex-partner.

A sense of personal failure that the relationship has ended. You may blame yourself

for the problems in the relationship and continually replay past conflicts, saying to

yourself, "If only I had done or said this differently".

- Fear of the future without the ex-partner, in particular the fear that you will never love or be loved again.
- Feelings of loneliness can be quite acute and many people describe their experience
 as akin to living in a vacuum. This can be particularly distressing if you have lost
 friends whom you had previously met through your ex-partner.
- Feeling overwhelmed and frightened by the intensity of your feelings.
- Confusion surrounding the cause of the break up and a need to make sense of it all.
- Difficulty in letting go of the relationship and finding any opportunity to contact the expartner.
- Fluctuating feelings towards the ex-partner, ranging from relief that the relationship is over to intensely missing the person.
- Viewing the relationship in "black and white" terms. This can involve either a preoccupation with the good or the bad aspects of the relationship.
- Anxiety about finances and housing if previously shared with the ex-partner.
- Concern about parenting issues if children are involved.

Ways to Cope after a Relationship Break up

- Accept painful feelings their intensity will subside over time. Experiencing such
 overwhelming feelings does not mean that the relationship should not have ended. It
 is normal that you grieve for the "good things" in the relationship.
- Gain support from others. Surround yourself with non-judgemental family and friends with whom you can freely express your feelings.
- Try to understand the reasons for the relationship breakdown. If you have questions regarding the reasons for the break up or you feel that you need to directly communicate significant thoughts or feelings which are preventing you from moving forward, it may be helpful to arrange a meeting with your ex-partner. This is not however always possible or appropriate, particularly if the relationship was emotionally or physically abusive. An alternative can involve either communicating via email or writing a letter.
- Trying to make sense of a relationship breakdown can be confronting. This can be a
 time for self- evaluation which may be challenging. Understanding the causes of the
 relationship break up can prevent similar mistakes with a future relationship.
- Avoid regular contact with your ex-partner. This can just prolong the pain and delay the healing process. If you decide to recontact, first give yourself time for the painful feelings to subside.

- Reduce your expectations. Accept that you may not be able to function at your best but remind yourself that this will be temporary.
- Try to avoid beginning a new relationship while you are still grieving from the past relationship. Unresolved issues from the former relationship can adversely affect the new one. Making decisions about the suitability of a new partner can also be problematic at this time as you are likely to make your decision in terms of what was lacking in the past relationship rather than all the characteristics of the new relationship.

Where can I get help from others?

- To access the PSD Confidential Counselling Service, please see the PSD webpages.
- Make an appointment to see your doctor

What other resources are available?

Relate – website www.relate.org.uk

A very extensive and reliable source of practical and very helpful information.

References

Bruce Fisher & Robert Alberti (2005) Rebuilding: When your Relationship Ends: Impact Publishers.

Suzie Hayman (2009), Moving on – Breaking Up without Breaking Down (Relate Guide)

Sarah Litvinoff (2008), Starting again – How to learn from the past for a better future (Relate Guide)